

System Impact Study SPP-2023-027 For Transmission Service Requested By: TNSK

From CSWS.HCPP to ERCOTE

For a Reserved Amount Of 100 MW

From 04/01/2023 To 04/03/2023

> SPP IMPACT STUDY (SPP-2023-027) March 30, 2023

1. Executive Summary

TNSK has requested a system impact study for daily firm transmission service from CSWS.HCPP to ERCOTE. The period of the transaction is from 04/01/2023 00:00 to 04/03/2023 00:00. The request is for reservation 99419134.

The 100 MW transaction from CSWS.HCPP has an impact on the following flowgate(s) with no AFC: PSOSWEPCOTIE, PITVALSUNHUG. To provide the AFC necessary for this transfer, the impact on these flowgates must be relieved.

After studying many scenarios using generation redispatch, there are several feasible scenarios that will relieve the flowgate(s) in question.

2. Introduction

TNSK has requested a system impact study for transmission service from CSWS.HCPP to ERCOTE.

There are two constrained flowgates that require relief for this reservation to be accepted. The flowgates and the explanations are as follows:

- PSOSWEPCOTIE: PSO SWEPCO Tie.
- PITVALSUNHUG: Pittsburg Valiant 345kV for the loss of Sunnyside Hugo 345kV.

3. Study Methodology

A. Description

Southwest Power Pool used Transmission Adequacy & Reliability Assessment (TARA) to obtain possible unit pairings that would relieve the constraint. TARA calculates impacts on monitored facilities for all units within the Southwest Power Pool Footprint. The SPP ATC Calculator is used to determine response factors for the time period of the reservation.

B. Model Updates

The 2023 Southwest Power Pool model was used for the study. This model was updated to reflect the most current information available.

C. Transfer Analysis

Using the short-term calculator, the limiting constraints for the transfer are identified. The response factor of the transfer on each constraint is also determined.

The product of the transfer amount and the response factor is the impact of a transfer on a limiting flowgate that must be relieved. With multiple flowgates affected by a transfer, relief of the largest impact may also provide relief of smaller impacts.

Using TARA, specific generator pairs are chosen to reflect the units available for redispatch. The quotient of the amount of impact that must be relieved and the generation sensitivity factor calculated by TARA is the amount of redispatch necessary to relieve the impact on the affected flowgate.

4. Study Results

After studying the impacts of the request, two flowgates require relief. The flowgates and associated amount of relief are as follows:

Table 1

			Required Relief	
Flowgate	Duration	Sensitivity (%)	(MW)	
5578:PSOSWEPCOTIE	4/1/2023 00:00 - 4/3/2023 00:00	5.44%	5.44	
5661:PITVALSUNHUG	4/1/2023 00:00 - 4/3/2023 00:00	3.18%	3.18	

Table 2 displays a list of generator pairs that are possible relief options for each flowgate in question and the amount of redispatch capacity needed.

Table 2

5578:PSOSWEPCOTIE						
Increment	Decrement	Sensitivity	MW			
WILKE3-1	COM2-1	76.75%	7.09			
WELSH3-1	COM2-1	76.29%	7.13			
WILKE3-1	ANADRK5	76.03%	7.16			
WELSH3-1	ANADRK5	75.56%	7.20			
WILKE3-1	MCLN 1S	75.18%	7.24			
WELSH3-1	MCLN 1S	74.72%	7.28			
TURKCOAL 1	COM2-1	74.31%	7.32			
TURKCOAL 1	ANADRK5	73.59%	7.39			
TURKCOAL 1	MCLN 1S	72.75%	7.48			

5661:PITVALSUNHUG						
Increment	Decrement		Sensitivity	MW		
TURKCOAL 1	COM2-1		42.66%	7.45		
TURKCOAL 1	MCLN 1S		42.12%	7.55		
TURKCOAL 1	ANADRK5		42.04%	7.56		
WELSH3-1	COM2-1		39.92%	7.97		
WELSH3-1	MCLN 1S		39.38%	8.07		
WELSH3-1	ANADRK5		39.30%	8.09		
WILKE3-1	COM2-1		37.90%	8.39		
WILKE3-1	MCLN 1S		37.36%	8.51		
WILKE3-1	ANADRK5		37.28%	8.53		

5. Conclusion

Generation redispatch options were studied in order to relieve the necessary constraint(s). The results of this study shows that the constraints on the flowgate(s) in question could be relieved by executing one or more of the options described in the Study Results section of this document.