



# **SPP** *Southwest Power Pool*

***System Impact Study  
SPP-2022-159  
For Transmission Service  
Requested By:  
TNSK***

***From ERCOTE to CSWS.HCPP***

***For a Reserved Amount Of  
50 MW***

***From 01/06/2023  
To 02/03/2023***

## **1. Executive Summary**

TNSK has requested a system impact study for weekly firm transmission service from ERCOTE to CSWS.HCPP. The period of the transaction is from 01/06/2023 00:00 to 02/03/2023 00:00. The request is for reservation 98684401.

The 50 MW transaction from ERCOTE has an impact on the following flowgate(s) with no AFC: WELLYDWELNWT, LYDVALNWTVAL. To provide the AFC necessary for this transfer, the impact on these flowgates must be relieved.

After studying many scenarios using generation redispatch, there are several feasible scenarios that will relieve the flowgate(s) in question.

## **2. Introduction**

TNSK has requested a system impact study for transmission service from ERCOTE to CSWS.HCPP.

There are two constrained flowgates that require relief for this reservation to be accepted. The flowgates and the explanations are as follows:

- WELLYDWELNWT: Welsh – Lydia 345kV for the loss of Welsh – Northwest Texarkana 345kV.
- LYDVALNWTVAL: Lydia – Valiant 345kV for the loss of Northwest Texarkana - Valiant 345kV.

### **3. Study Methodology**

#### **A. Description**

Southwest Power Pool used Transmission Adequacy & Reliability Assessment (TARA) to obtain possible unit pairings that would relieve the constraint. TARA calculates impacts on monitored facilities for all units within the Southwest Power Pool Footprint. The SPP ATC Calculator is used to determine response factors for the time period of the reservation.

#### **B. Model Updates**

The 2022 Southwest Power Pool model was used for the study. This model was updated to reflect the most current information available.

#### **C. Transfer Analysis**

Using the short-term calculator, the limiting constraints for the transfer are identified. The response factor of the transfer on each constraint is also determined.

The product of the transfer amount and the response factor is the impact of a transfer on a limiting flowgate that must be relieved. With multiple flowgates affected by a transfer, relief of the largest impact may also provide relief of smaller impacts.

Using TARA, specific generator pairs are chosen to reflect the units available for redispatch. The quotient of the amount of impact that must be relieved and the generation sensitivity factor calculated by TARA is the amount of redispatch necessary to relieve the impact on the affected flowgate.

## 4. Study Results

After studying the impacts of the request, two flowgates require relief. The flowgates and associated amount of relief are as follows:

**Table 1**

Flowgate	Duration	Sensitivity (%)	Required Relief (MW)
5320:WELLYDWELNWT	1/6/2023 00:00 - 3/1/2023 00:00	8.17%	4.09
5658:LYDVALNWTVAL	1/6/2023 00:00 - 3/1/2023 00:00	4.38%	2.19

Table 2 displays a list of generator pairs that are possible relief options for each flowgate in question and the amount of redispatch capacity needed.

**Table 2**

5320:WELLYDWELNWT			
Increment	Decrement	Sensitivity	MW
Hugo 1	Lebrock 1	56.99%	7.18
Hugo 1	Pirkey 1	56.53%	7.24
Hugo 1	Knoxlee 4	56.01%	7.30
Kiowa G1	Lebrock 1	48.54%	8.43
Kiowa G1	Pirkey 1	48.09%	8.51
Kiowa G1	Knoxlee 4	47.57%	8.60
SWS 3	Lebrock 1	44.14%	9.27
SWS 3	Pirkey 1	43.68%	9.36
SWS 3	Knoxlee 4	43.17%	9.48

5658:LYDVALNWTVAL			
Increment	Decrement	Sensitivity	MW
Hugo 1	Lebrock 1	58.53%	3.74
Hugo 1	Pirkey 1	58.34%	3.75
Hugo 1	Knoxlee 4	58.11%	3.77
Kiowa G1	Lebrock 1	49.76%	4.40
Kiowa G1	Pirkey 1	49.57%	4.42
Kiowa G1	Knoxlee 4	49.34%	4.44
SWS 3	Lebrock 1	44.15%	4.96
SWS 3	Pirkey 1	43.96%	4.98
SWS 3	Knoxlee 4	43.73%	5.01

## **5. Conclusion**

Generation redispatch options were studied in order to relieve the necessary constraint(s). The results of this study shows that the constraints on the flowgate(s) in question could be relieved by executing one or more of the options described in the Study Results section of this document.