

System Impact Study SPP-2021-129 For Transmission Service Requested By: TECX

From CSWS.HCPP to ERCOTE

For a Reserved Amount Of 50 MW From 10/25/2021 To 10/27/2021

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1. Executive Summary

TECX has requested a system impact study for daily firm transmission service from CSWS.HCPP to ERCOTE. The period of the transaction is from 10/25/2021 00:00 to 10/27/2021 00:00. The request is for reservation 95238214.

The 50 MW transaction from CSWS.HCPP has an impact on the following flowgates with no AFC: PSOSWEPCOTIE, PITVALSUNHUG, LEBPIRLEBPIR. To provide the AFC necessary for this transfer, the impact on these flowgates must be relieved.

2. Introduction

TECX has requested a system impact study for transmission service from CSWS.HCPP to ERCOTE.

There are three constrained flowgate that require relief in order for this reservation to be accepted. The flowgates and the explanations are as follows:

- PSOSWEPCOTIE: PSO SWEPCO Tie.
- PITVALSUNHUG: Pittsburg Valiant 345kv for the loss of Sunnyside to Hugo 345kV.
- LEBPIRLEBPIR: Lebrock Pirkey 345kV Ckt 2 for the loss of Lebrock Pirkey 345kV Ckt 1.

3. Study Methodology

A. Description

Southwest Power Pool used Transmission Adequacy & Reliability Assessment (TARA) to obtain possible unit pairings that would relieve the constraint. TARA calculates impacts on monitored facilities for all units within the Southwest Power Pool Footprint. The SPP ATC Calculator is used to determine response factors for the time period of the reservation.

B. Model Updates

The 2021 Southwest Power Pool model was used for the study. This model was updated to reflect the most current information available.

C. Transfer Analysis

Using the short-term calculator, the limiting constraints for the transfer are identified. The response factor of the transfer on each constraint is also determined.

The product of the transfer amount and the response factor is the impact of a transfer on a limiting flowgate that must be relieved. With multiple flowgates affected by a transfer, relief of the largest impact may also provide relief of smaller impacts.

Using Transmission Adequacy & Reliability Assessment (TARA), specific generator pairs are chosen to reflect the units available for redispatch. The quotient of the amount of impact that must be relieved and the generation sensitivity factor calculated by TARA is the amount of redispatch necessary to relieve the impact on the affected flowgate.

4. Study Results

After studying the impacts of the request, three flowgate requires relief. The flowgates and associated amount of relief are as follows:

Table 1

Flowgate	Duration	Sensitivit y (%)	Required Relief (MW)
5578:PSOSWEPCOTIE	10/25/2021 00:00 - 10/27/2021 00:00	4.44%	2.22
5661:PITVALSUNHUG	10/25/2021 00:00 - 10/27/2021 00:00	3.09%	1.54
5667:LEBPIRLEBPIR	10/25/2021 14:00 - 10/25/2021 18:00	92.04%	46.02

Table 2 displays a list of generator pairs that are possible relief options for each flowgate in question and the amount of redispatch capacity needed.

Table 2

5578:PSOSWEPCOTIE						
Increment	Decrement	Sensitivity	MW			
Eastman Gas	Nebraska City 1	63.72%	3.48			
Knoxlee 4	Nebraska City 1	63.30%	3.51			
Eastman Gas	Cass 1	63.56%	3.49			
Knoxlee 4	Cass 1	63.14%	3.52			

5661:PITVALSUNHUG						
Increment	Decrement	Sensitivity	MW			
Eastman Gas	Nebraska City 1	29.93%	5.15			
Knoxlee 4	Nebraska City 1	29.65%	5.19			
Eastman Gas	Cass 1	29.77%	5.17			
Knoxlee 4	Cass 1	29.49%	5.22			

5667:LEBPIRLEBPIR					
Increment	Decrement	Sensitivity	MW		
No redispatch pairs available					

5. Conclusion

Generation redispatch options were studied in order to relieve the necessary constraint. The result of this study shows that the constraints on the flowgates in question could not be relieved by executing three of the options described in the Study Results section of this document. The reservation will be refused due to no ATC on the impacted flowgates.