

# System Impact Study SPP-2017-049 For Transmission Service Requested By: DCT

## From KCPL to AECI

# For a Reserved Amount Of 50 MW From 11/19/2017 To 11/26/2017

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### **<u>1. Executive Summary</u>**

DCT has requested a system impact study for weekly firm transmission service from KCPL to AECI. The period of the transaction is from 11/19/2017 00:00 to 11/26/201700:00. The request is for reservation 85846945.

The 50 MW transaction from KCPL has an impact on the following flowgates with no AFC: NEORIVNEOBLC, NEBS56S40S55, and STMDSJFAFACO. To provide the AFC necessary for this transfer, the impact on these flowgates must be relieved.

After studying many scenarios using generation redispatch, there are several feasible scenarios that will relieve the flowgate(s) in question.

### 2. Introduction

DCT has requested a system impact study for transmission service from KCPL to AECI.

There are 3 constrained flowgates that require relief in order for this reservation to be accepted. The flowgates and the explanations are as follows:

- NEORIVNEOBLC: Neosho Riverton 161 kV for the loss of Neosho to Blackberry 345 kV
- NEBS56S40S55: Nebraska City Sub 3456 345 kV for the loss of Sub 3740
  Sub 3455 345 kV
- STMDSJFAFACO: St Joe Avenue City 161 kV for the loss of Fairport St Joe Cooper 345 kV.

## 3. Study Methodology

#### A. Description

Southwest Power Pool used Transmission Adequacy & Reliability Assessment (TARA) to obtain possible unit pairings that would relieve the constraint. TARA calculates impacts on monitored facilities for all units within the Southwest Power Pool Footprint. The SPP ATC Calculator is used to determine response factors for the time period of the reservation.

#### B. Model Updates

The 2017 Southwest Power Pool model was used for the study. This model was updated to reflect the most current information available.

#### C. Transfer Analysis

Using the short-term calculator, the limiting constraints for the transfer are identified. The response factor of the transfer on each constraint is also determined.

The product of the transfer amount and the response factor is the impact of a transfer on a limiting flowgate that must be relieved. With multiple flowgates affected by a transfer, relief of the largest impact may also provide relief of smaller impacts.

Using Transmission Adequacy & Reliability Assessment (TARA), specific generator pairs are chosen to reflect the units available for redispatch. The quotient of the amount of impact that must be relieved and the generation sensitivity factor calculated by TARA is the amount of redispatch necessary to relieve the impact on the affected flowgate.

## 4. Study Results

After studying the impacts of the request, three flowgates require relief. The flowgates and associated amount of relief are as follows:

#### Table 1

Flowgate	Duration	Sensitivity (%)	Required Relief (MW)
5375:NEORIVNEOBLC	11/22/2017 00:00 - 11/26/2017 00:00	3.16%	1
5508:NEBS56S40S55	11/19/2017 00:00 - 11/20/2017 00:00	3.09%	1
6152:STMDSJFAFACO	11/19/2017 00:00 - 11/26/2017 00:00	11.43%	5

Table 2 displays a list of generator pairs that are possible relief options for each flowgates in question and the amount of redispatch capacity needed.

#### Table 2

5375:NEORIVNEOBLC					
Increment	Decrement	Sensitivity	MW		
Stateline	Chanute Plant	26.83%	4		
Stateline	Lacygne	23.04%	4		
Stateline	Gordon Evans	22.20%	5		
Asbury	Chanute Plant	14.24%	7		
James River	Chanute Plant	12.04%	8		
Asbury	Lacygne	10.44%	10		
Asbury	Gordon Evans	9.61%	10		
James River	Lacygne	8.24%	12		
James River	Gordon Evans	7.41%	14		

5508:NEBS56S40S55				
Increment	Decrement	Sensitivity	MW	
Sarpy	Nebraska City	46.38%	2	
Sarpy	Cass County	46.38%	2	
North Omaha	Nebraska City	46.06%	2	
North Omaha	Cass County	46.06%	2	
Jones	Nebraska City	45.89%	2	
Jones	Cass County	45.89%	2	
Sarpy	latan	28.12%	4	
North Omaha	latan	27.80%	4	
Jones	latan	27.64%	4	

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6152:STMDSJFAFACO				
Increment	Decrement	Sensitivity	MW	
Exirawa	Lake Road	16.97%	29	
North Omaha	Lake Road	11.58%	43	
Sarpy	Lake Road	11.51%	43	
Exirawa	latan	11.12%	45	
Exirawa	Lawrence	9.56%	52	
North Omaha	latan	5.73%	87	
Sarpy	latan	5.66%	88	
North Omaha	Lawrence	4.17%	120	
Sarpy	Lawrence	4.10%	122	

## 5. Conclusion

Generation redispatch (and reservation curtailment) options were studied in order to relieve the necessary constraints. The results of this study shows that the constraints on the flowgates in question could be relieved by executing one or more of the options described in the Study Results section of this document. Before the Transmission Provider accepts the reservations, proof of the necessary relief options must be presented to Southwest Power Pool. Noncompliance with this guideline will result in the refusal of the reservation.