

DISIS 2017-002

Incremental Long-Term Congestion Rights
Study Report

GEN-2017-144

Published on 08/26/2024

By SPP Generation Interconnections Dept.

REVISION HISTORY

DATE OR VERSION NUMBER	AUTHOR	CHANGE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
08/26/2024	SPP	Initial report issued.	

CONTENTS

Revision History	.i
Introduction	1
Study Inputs	2
Model Basis	2
Monitored Facilities	2
Contingency Events	2
Sponsored Upgrades	2
Contingent Upgrades	3
Sponsor Transfer Paths	3
Study Methodology	4
Transfer Analysis	4
ILTCR Study Results	5
Conclusion	6
ApPendix A	1

INTRODUCTION

Incremental Long-Term Congestion Rights (ILTCRs) were made available by FERC 685 Guideline 3 as a reimbursement mechanism for sponsors of transmission upgrades. The guideline specifies that long-term firm transmission rights made feasible by transmission upgrades or expansions must be available upon request to any party that pays for such upgrades or expansions in accordance with the transmission organization's prevailing cost allocation methods for upgrades or expansions. Effective July 1, 2020, ILTCR is the default cost recovery mechanism for eligible Network Upgrades (NU) with Directly Assigned Upgrade Cost (DAUC) as a result of a Generation Interconnection Study (GIS), Aggregate Transmission Service Study (ATSS), or a Sponsored Upgrade Study in SPP.

The objective of the ILTCR analysis is to determine the incremental Available Transfer Capability (ATC) created on each of the Customer submitted source-to-sink paths over a ten-year period resulting from the construction of the Sponsored Upgrade. The Upgrade Sponsor may then have the option to use the results of this study to obtain candidate ILTCRs on the path selected.

The ILTCR study process was completed for GEN-2017-144 (the Customer) that has Directly Assigned Upgrade Costs (DAUC) for the following network upgrades from DISIS 2017-002 Studies.

• Moore 345-115 kV Transformer Replacement (DISIS-2017-002)

STUDY INPUTS

MODEL BASIS

The 2023 ITP Transmission Services (TS) cases were the starting point for the analysis. The following details specify the particular models utilized for this evaluation.

- Model years 2026, 2027, 2028, 2033
 - o Summer Peak (2026SP, 2027SP, 2028SP, 2033SP)
 - o Winter Peak (2026WP, 2027WP, 2028WP, 2033WP)
 - o Light Load (2027LP, 2028LP, 2033LP)

MONITORED FACILITIES

The monitored elements include all SPP control area branches, ties, and buses 69 kV and above, and all first tier Non-SPP control area branches and ties 100 kV and above. NERC Power Transfer Distribution Flowgates for SPP and first tier Non-SPP control areas are monitored. Additional NERC Flowgates are monitored in second tier or greater Non-SPP control areas.

- All branches and ties within the following areas:
 - o SPP Internal Areas for 60kV 999kV facilities:
 - **•** 506–546, 640 659, 998, 999
 - o SPP External Areas for 100kV 999kV facilities:
 - **327**, 330, 351, 356, 502, 600, 615, 620, 627, 635, 661, 680
- NERC, SPP, and Tier 1 Permanent Monitor Flowgates (thermal)

CONTINGENCY EVENTS

The contingency set includes all SPP control area branches and ties 69kV and above, first tier Non-SPP control area branches and ties 115 kV and above, any defined contingencies for these control areas, and generation unit outages for the SPP control areas with SPP reserve share program redispatch.

- All branches, ties, shunts, and generators within the following areas:
 - o SPP Internal Areas for 60kV 999kV facilities: o
 - **515 546, 640, 641, 642, 645, 650, 652, 659, 998, 999**
 - o SPP External Areas for 100kV 999kV facilities:
 - **327**, 330, 351, 356, 502, 600, 615, 620, 627, 635, 661, 680
- NERC, SPP, and Tier 1 Permanent Contingent Flowgates
- SPP T.O. Specific P1, P2, P4, and P5 TPL-004-1 Contingencies
- SPP T.O. Specific Op Guide Implementation

SPONSORED UPGRADES

The Sponsored Upgrades were sorted based on construction lead-time in order to reflect the sequence of in-service dates for the upgrades. Each Sponsored Upgrade was evaluated sequentially and as a standalone addition. Sequentially, the first Sponsored Upgrade was evaluated in comparison to the TS Case. The second Sponsored Upgrade was evaluated on top of the previously added Sponsored Upgrade. The process was repeated until all Sponsored Upgrades were evaluated.

Sponsored Upgrades that share the same construction lead-time were evaluated as incremental upgrades to the final set of Sponsored Upgrades with the same lead-times. The studied Sponsored Upgrades and associated lead time for the Customer is listed in Table 0-1.

Table 0-1: Sponsored Upgrades

Upgrade ID	Upgrade Name	Estimated Lead- Time (months)	
156456	Mark Moore 345-115 kV Transformer Replacement (DISIS-2017-002)	36	

CONTINGENT UPGRADES

Contingent upgrades are not yet in-service. These facilities have been assigned to higher queued interconnection customers. These facilities were included in the models respective of their estimated lead-time for this study prior to determining the incremental transfer amount that each Sponsored Upgrade provided. The list of contingent upgrades and their associated lead-time for the participating Customers is listed in Table 0-2.

Table 0-2: Contingent Upgrade Sequence

Upgrade ID	Upgrade Name	Estimated Lead- Time (months)
NTC 210592/210626	Line - Wolf Creek - Blackberry 345 kV	6
NTC 210616	Multi - Minco - Pleasant Valley - Draper 345 kV	6
NTC 210627	Multi - Border - Woodward 345 kV Tap	12
NTC 210483	Multi - Park Community - Sunshine 138 kV	24
NTC 220738/TBD	Matthewson - Redbud 345 kV New Line	48
NTC 210618/200220	Multi - Gentleman - Cherry Co Holt Co. 345 kV	48

SPONSOR TRANSFER PATHS

The Customer is eligible to select up to three (3) source-to-sink transfer paths per Sponsored Upgrade. The list of valid source-to-sink paths is posted on the SPP OASIS site under Source/Sink Summary and were available to Customers with a valid OASIS certificate.

Customers may select paths for ILTCR studies using their new generator that was studied as a source. The generator must be registered in the Marketplace before it is able to participate in the Congestion Hedging process.

Each source-to-sink transfer path was collected by SPP for the Customer and those submissions are captured in the Results section.

STUDY METHODOLOGY

TRANSFER ANALYSIS

A DC transfer analysis was conducted using PowerGEM TARA to determine the limiting flowgates in each applicable case for the respective transfer paths provided by the Customer. Constraints were defined as any overloaded facility in which the transfer had a three (3) percent or more TDF or OTDF impact for system intact or contingency conditions respectively. AC Contingency Analysis was performed on each case to identify existing overloaded flowgates that were not caused by the Customer, Sponsored Upgrade, or the source-to-sink transfer path. These flowgates were filtered out of the transfer analysis results for the respective case in which they were reported in the AC Contingency Analysis.

Once the initial DC limiting flowgates were filtered to valid results, the top five (5) limiting flowgates in each applicable case for the respective transfer paths provided by the Customer were AC verified. If the AC verified results reported a non-converged condition and all other AC verified transfers were not zero, then the AC non-converged condition was reviewed for appropriate adjustments until an AC transfer limit was established. If no adjustments were found to resolve the AC non-converged condition, then the AC transfer limit was reported as 0 MW to reflect the condition in which no transfer could be achieved.

With the transfer limits AC verified, the deltas between the minimum AC transfer amounts across all analyzed cases for each path with and without the associated Sponsored Upgrade were determined as follows:

- If ATC pre-NU < 0 and ATC post-NU < 0, then individual increment = 0
- If ATC pre-NU < 0 and ATC post-NU > 0, then individual increment = ATC post-NU
- If ATC pre-NU > 0 and ATC post-NU > 0, then individual increment = ATC post-NU ATC pre-NU

If the Sponsored Upgrade costs were shared between multiple Customers, then the minimum delta was allocated to each participating Customer in the same proportion as the pro-rata share of the total cost of the upgrade allocated. The lowest amount of candidate MWs that can be awarded is 0.1 MW. Therefore, any candidate MWs below 0.1 MWs is reported as 0.0 MWs.

ILTCR STUDY RESULTS

Table 0-1 summarizes the minimum incremental ATC created across all seasons for each of the source-to-sink paths provided by the Customer for the Network Upgrades.

Appendix A includes the detailed results of the top five (5) most limiting flowgates for each transfer path as submitted by the Customer.

Table 0-1: GEN-2017-144 Candidate ILTCRs

NU #	NU	Source	Sink	Min Delta (MW)	Cost Allocation (%)	cILTCR (MW)
156456	Mark Moore 345-115 kV Transformer Replacement (DISIS- 2017-002)	GEN-2017-144	LES	0	8.216%	0
156456	Mark Moore 345-115 kV Transformer Replacement (DISIS- 2017-002)	GEN-2017-144	NPPD	0	8.216%	0
156456	Mark Moore 345-115 kV Transformer Replacement (DISIS- 2017-002)	GEN-2017-144	OPPD	0	8.216%	0

CONCLUSION

The ILTCR analysis determined the incremental ATC created on the Customer submitted source-to-sink paths as provided by the associated Sponsored Upgrade. The Customer may choose the one source-to-sink path in which to receive candidate ILTCRs based on the ATC results presented. If a source-to-sink path that reported no incremental ATC (0 MW) is chosen, then the Customer will not receive any candidate ILTCRs for the Sponsored Upgrade. This data will be included in applicable agreement(s) and executed before filing with FERC.

The Customer must notify SPP 45 days in advance of energization of the associated Sponsored Upgrade via RMS ticket. Tracking of the Sponsored Upgrade progress can be achieved by utilizing the SPP Quarterly Project Tracking workbooks posted on the SPP website. Once the Sponsored Upgrade is energized, SPP will make available TCR MWs for the candidate ILTCR until the end of that TCR year in the next feasible monthly TCR auction.

APPENDIX A

Network Upgrade Name

Transformer

Replace Mark Moore 345/115 kV

Transformer

NU

156456

156456

156456

156456

156456

156456

156456

IC

GEN-2017-144

GEN-2017-144

GEN-2017-144

GEN-2017-144

GEN-2017-144

GEN-2017-144

GEN-2017-144

640591 OLIVECREEK 7 115 Replace Mark Moore 345/115 kV 156456 650246 SW7&BENNET7 GEN-2017-144 GEN-2017-144 LES 1 28SP0 230074 217.6 217.6 0 Transformer 115 1 640591 OLIVECREEK 7 115 Replace Mark Moore 345/115 kV GEN-2017-144 156456 GEN-2017-144 LES 2 33SP0 650246 SW7&BENNET7 230074 230.7 232.4 1.7 Transformer 115 1 Replace Mark Moore 345/115 kV 996293 652: FT2 KU1 230 GEN-2017-144 156456 GEN-2017-144 LES 3 27LP0 237735 286.4 286.4 0 652507 FTTHOMP4 230 1 Transformer Replace Mark Moore 345/115 kV 996292 652: FT2 KU1 230 GEN-2017-144 156456 GEN-2017-144 LES 4 27LP0 237735 302.5 302.5 0 Transformer 652507 FTTHOMP4 230 1 Replace Mark Moore 345/115 kV 652506 FTTHOMP3 345 GEN-2017-144 156456 GEN-2017-144 LES 5 27LP0 237735 332.4 332.4 0 Transformer 996293 652: FT2 KU1 230 1 Replace Mark Moore 345/115 kV 996293 652: FT2 KU1 230 GEN-2017-144 156456 GEN-2017-144 NPPD 27LP0 237735 285.2 285.2 0 652507 FTTHOMP4 230 1 Transformer Replace Mark Moore 345/115 kV 996292 652: FT2 KU1 230 GEN-2017-144 156456 GEN-2017-144 NPPD 2 27LP0 237735 301.3 301.3 0 652507 FTTHOMP4 230 1 Transformer 652506 FTTHOMP3 345 Replace Mark Moore 345/115 kV GEN-2017-144 156456 GEN-2017-144 NPPD 3 27LP0 331 0 237735 331 Transformer 996293 652: FT2 KU1 230 1 Replace Mark Moore 345/115 kV 652506 FTTHOMP3 345

4

5

2

3

4

5

Limit

Case

27LP0

28SP0

33SP0

33WP0

33SP0

33SP0

28SP0

Sink

NPPD

NPPD

OPPD

OPPD

OPPD

OPPD

OPPD

Source

GEN-2017-144

GEN-2017-144

GEN-2017-144

GEN-2017-144

GEN-2017-144

GEN-2017-144

GEN-2017-144

Monitored Facility

996292 652: FT2 KU1 230 1

652510 FTRANDL7 115

640349 SPENCER7 115 1

645458 S3458 3 345

645456 S3456 3 345 1

646221 S1221 5 161

646231 S1231 5 161 1

646221 S1221 5 161

646231 S1231 5 161 1

646255 S1255 5 161

646221 S1221 5 161 1

646255 S1255 5 161

646221 S1221 5 161 1

ATC

Increase

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

Base

FCITC

351.7

361.5

40.9

50.4

59.4

116.1

215.2

351.7

361.5

40.8

50.4

59.4

116.1

215.2

Contingency Name

237735

230710

234014

234013

234013

233528

234013

Upgrade

FCITC