

System Impact Study SPP-2016-049 For Transmission Service Requested By: SPSM

From BLKW to SPS

For a Reserved Amount Of 25 MW For 1/1/2017 – 5/1/2017

1. Executive Summary

SPSM has requested a system impact study for monthly firm transmission service from BLKW to SPS. The period of the transaction is from 1/1/2017 00:00 CST to 5/1/2017 00:00 CDT. The request is for reservation 83605798.

The 25 MW transaction from SPS has an impact on the following flowgates with no AFC: SPSNMTIES. To provide the AFC necessary for this transfer, the impact on these flowgates must be relieved.

After studying many scenarios using generation redispatch, there are several feasible scenarios that will relieve the flowgate(s) in question.

2. Introduction

SPSM has requested a system impact study for transmission service from BLKW to SPS.

There is 1 constrained flowgate that requires relief in order for this reservation to be accepted. The flowgate and the explanation follows:

- SPSNMTIES: SPS New Mexico tie interface

3. Study Methodology

A. Description

Southwest Power Pool used Transmission Adequacy & Reliability Assessment (TARA) to obtain possible unit pairings that would relieve the constraint. TARA calculates impacts on monitored facilities for all units within the Southwest Power Pool Footprint. The SPP ATC Calculator is used to determine response factors for the time period of the reservation.

B. Model Updates

The 2016 Southwest Power Pool model was used for the study. This model was updated to reflect the most current information available.

C. Transfer Analysis

Using the short-term calculator, the limiting constraints for the transfer are identified. The response factor of the transfer on each constraint is also determined.

The product of the transfer amount and the response factor is the impact of a transfer on a limiting flowgate that must be relieved. With multiple flowgates affected by a transfer, relief of the largest impact may also provide relief of smaller impacts.

Using Transmission Adequacy & Reliability Assessment (TARA), specific generator pairs are chosen to reflect the units available for redispatch. The quotient of the amount of impact that must be relieved and the generation sensitivity factor calculated by TARA is the amount of redispatch necessary to relieve the impact on the affected flowgate.

4. Study Results

After studying the impacts of the request, one flowgate requires relief. The flowgate and associated amount of relief follows:

Table 1

Flowgate	Duration	Sensitivity	Impact
5529:SPSNMTIES	1/1/2017 - 5/1/2017	16.45%	4

Table 2 displays a list of generator pairs that are possible relief options for each flowgate in question and the amount of redispatch capacity needed.

Table 2

5529:SPSNMTIES				
Increment	Decrement	Sensitivity	Redispatch MW	
Hobbs	San Juan Wind	83.69%	5	
Cunningham	San Juan Wind	83.58%	5	
Maddox	San Juan Wind	72.83%	5	
Hobbs	Roosevelt Wind	83.08%	5	
Cunningham	Roosevelt Wind	82.97%	5	
Maddox	Roosevelt Wind	72.21%	6	
Hobbs	Milo Wind	83.08%	5	
Cunningham	Milo Wind	82.97%	5	
Maddox	Milo Wind	72.21%	6	
Hobbs	Tolk	76.90%	5	
Cunningham	Tolk	76.79%	5	
Maddox	Tolk	66.03%	6	
Hobbs	Plant X	76.29%	5	
Cunningham	Plant X	76.18%	5	
Maddox	Plant X	65.42%	6	

5. Conclusion

Generation redispatch options were studied in order to relieve the necessary constraints. The results of this study shows that the constraints on the flowgates in question could be relieved by executing one or more of the options described in the Study Results section of this document. Before the Transmission Provider accepts the reservations, agreement to the redispatch costs must be presented to Southwest Power Pool. Noncompliance with this guideline will result in the refusal of the reservation.